

New rules on horizontal cooperation agreements: 10 takeaways

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COMPETITION

DATA PROTECTION

COMPLIANCE



Building blocks

Analytical framework

Step 1:

Applicability of Article 101(1) TFEU, if yes:



Step 2:

Applicability of R&D BER or Spec BER, if no:



Step 3:

Applicability of Article 101(3) TFEU, on individual basis



Step 1: Application of Article 101(1) TFEU

- Horizontal agreement involving at least two independent undertakings
- Restriction of competition by object or effect
 - Object: by their very nature and based on duly established experience harmful to the proper functioning of normal competition
 - Effect: reduction of decision-making independence
- **Effect on trade** between Member States (Effect on Trade Guidelines)
- De minimis (De Minimis Notice)



Step 1: Application of Article 101(1) TFEU

Government compulsion

Ancillary restraints

Objective justification



Step 2: Block Exemption Regulation

- Automatic exemption pursuant to Article 101(3) TFEU
 - R&D BER
 - Specialisation BER
 - [VBER]



Step 3: Application of Article 101(3) TFEU

Four cumulative conditions

- 1) Efficiency gains
- 2) Indispensability
- 3) Pass-on to consumers
- 4) No elimination of competition



Complexity - Other guidance, legislation and case- law

- Market Definition Notice
- **VBER** Article 2(4) and Article 2(7) VBER
- Vertical guidelines
- Merger Regulation
- Article 102 TFEU
- Specific rules



Complexity - Combination of cooperation agreements

HBERs

- General rule: combination of the applicable chapters
- Particular conduct: centre of gravity
 - Starting point of the cooperation
 - Degree of integration





Safe harbours

Safe harbours

Type of agreement	Market share	Time period	Other factors
	10% de	minimis	
R&D	Joint R&D → Combined market share of the parties < 25 % on the relevant product and technology markets	 Exemption continues to apply for 7 years from the time the contract products or contract technologies are first put on the market within the internal market 	
	Paid-for R&D → Combined market share of the financing party and all the parties with which the financing party has entered into R&D agreements with regard to	 After 7-year period: exemption continues to apply as long as the combined market does not exceed 25 % on the relevant markets to which the contract products or contract technologies belong 	
	the same contract products or contract < 25 % on the relevant product and technology markets	 If the combined market share does not exceed the relevant threshold at the end of the 7-year period, but subsequently rises above that threshold, the exemption shall continue to apply for a period of 2 consecutive calendar years 	
		following the year in which the relevant market share threshold was first exceeded	

Safe harbours

Type of agreement	Market share	Time period	Other factors
	10% de	minimis	
Specialisation	 Exemption shall apply on condition that the combined market share of the parties < 20 % on the relevant market(s) to which the specialisation products belong 	If the market shares are initially < 20 %, but subsequently rise above that level in at least one of the relevant markets, the exemption continues to apply for a period of 2 consecutive calendar years	
	 Specialisation products are intermediary products that are fully or partly used captively by one or more of the parties as inputs for the production of downstream products, which they also sell → exemption shall only apply if both of the following conditions are fulfilled: (i) the parties' combined market share < 20 % on the relevant market(s) to which the specialisation products belong; 	following the year in which the 20 % threshold was first exceeded	
	(ii) the parties' combined market share < 20 % on the relevant market(s) to which the downstream products belong		

Soft safe harbours

Type of agreement	Market share	Time period	Other factors
	10% de	e minimis	
Purchasing	 No absolute market share threshold Market power unlikely if members of the arrangement have: (i) a combined market share < 15 % on the relevant purchasing market(s) + (ii) a combined market share < 15 % on the relevant selling markets 		 market concentration; profit margins; closeness of competition; nature of the products subject to the purchasing arrangement and; possible countervailing seller power of suppliers
Commercialisation	 Market power unlikely if members of the agreement have: (i) a combined market share < 15 % in the markets where they jointly commercialise the contractual products 		



Soft safe harbours

Type of agreement	Market share	Time period	Other factors
	10)% de minimis	L
Sustainability	/	/	/
Sustainability standardisation agreements			Negative effects on competition unlikely when 6 cumulative conditions are met: 1. Transparent procedure for developing the standard + unlimited participation of all interested competitors in the process leading to the selection of the standard; 2. No obligation to comply with the standard on undertakings that do not wish to participate; 3. Participating undertakings remain free to apply higher standards; 4. No exchange of CSI beyond what is objectively necessary and proportionate for the development, implementation, adoption or modification of the standard; 5. Effective and non-discriminatory access to the outcome of the standard setting process; 6. No significant increase in price/reduction in quality as a result of the standard or the combined market share of the participating undertaking does not exceed 20 %



Notion of competitor

Notion of competitor

Important notion

• Actual and potential competitors



Notion of potential competitor

"An undertaking is considered as a potential competitor of another undertaking if, in the absence of the agreement, it is likely that the former, within a short period of time, would undertake the necessary additional investments or other necessary switching costs to enter the relevant market on which the latter is active" (para 16 HG)

"Short period of time":

- Depends on the legal and economic context and the facts of the case at hand (fn 16 HG)
- Party to a horizontal cooperation agreement vs. third party
- R&D and specialisation: less than 3 years



Notion of potential competitor

• Elements to consider:

- Firm intention and an inherent ability to enter the market (no insurmountable barriers)
- Sufficient preparatory steps taken
- Real and concrete possibilities to enter (not just wish or hypothetical possibility)
- Structure of the market and the economic and legal context
- Perception of an undertaking that is established on the market





Sustainability

Sustainability

No separate BER

- No safe harbour
 - > Except for sustainability standardisation agreements (para 549 HG)
- Not a distinct category of horizontal cooperation agreements
 - Reference to relevant chapter of HG
 - Inconsistency: most favourable regime (para 525 HG)
- Certain extra guidance in chapter, but no certainty





R&D

R&D Agreements

- Self-assessment article 101(1) TFEU
- Regulation 2023/1066
- Self-assessment article 101(3) TFEU



Structure of Regulation 2023/1066

- "Entry conditions" (art. 3-4-5)
- Market share limits (art. 6-7)
- Black list (art. 8)
- Excluded restrictions (art. 9)



Take away! Paid-for R&D

Involvement of a funder (not performing R&D)

■ What cooperation is covered? = art. 1(1)(13) Reg. - para 63 HG

 \rightarrow Importance of distinction = calculation of market shares (art. 6(1)(b) Reg.)





Specialisation

Specialisation agreements (production + distribution)

Self-assessment article 101 TFEU

Regulation 2023/1067



Structure of Regulation 2023/1067

■ White list (art. 2(3) and 2(4))

■ Market share limit (art. 3-4)

Black list (art. 5)



Take away! What is production specialisation under Regulation 2023/1067?

- Unilateral specialisation
- Reciprocal specialisation
- Joint production
- Important:
 - Parties active in same product market (not necessarily same geographic market)
 - Not necessary to close factories reduction of production volume suffices (para 189 HG)
 - Parties supply each other



Non-horizontal specialization (see footnote 149 HG)

VBER/Vertical Guidelines

Commission notice of 1978 concerning its assessment of certain subcontracting agreements





Joint purchasing

Joint purchasing

No block exemption regulation

Horizontal Guidelines (para 273 and full HG)



Joint purchasing

Concept of buyer cartels defined (para 279 HG)

■ Pass-on to consumers (para 307 HG) - Porta investigation



Joint purchasing - buyer cartels

Key features =

- Absence of joint negotiations vis-à-vis the supplier
- Coordination of competitive behavior on the purchase markets (e.g., fixing or coordination of purchase prices)
- Influence individual negotiations through practices such as coordination of negotiation strategies or exchanges on status of negotiations



Joint purchasing - Porta

Context

Approach adopted and lessons learned





Bidding consortia

General principles

- **Type** of commercialisation agreement
- Cooperation to submit a joint bid in a procurement competition
- New: separate sub-chapter



Participants

- Application of Article 101(1) TFEU
 - Realistic capability to participate
 - Bid for a project
 - Bid for parts (lots)
 - More parties than necessary

By object

- Ability to participate individually & no significant degree of integration
- But not: more parties than necessary





Information exchange

Broader 'by object' box

- General principles (1.2.4)
 - By their very nature and based on duly established experience harmful to the proper functioning of normal competition
 - Strict interpretation
 - Sufficiently reliable and robust experience



Broader 'by object' box

Specific application

- Commercially sensitive information
- Exchange is capable of removing uncertainty as regards the timing, extent and details of the modifications to be adopted in their conduct on the market



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ch, a 14 day cooling off period shall apply to to t. Please note that you may be required to erformance of the contract has alread

Standard terms and standardisation

Standard terms and standardisation

- Former standardisation chapter has been split up:
 - Standardisation
 - Standard terms and conditions for the sale or purchase of goods and services
- Limited changes have been made
 - Chapter 9: soft safe harbour
- Application in practice





Ready for a deep dive?

Join us at our 'Round Table'

23/11/2023

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